MATA PELAJARAN : BAHASA INGGRIS

KELAS/ PROGRAM KEAHLIAN : X (Keseluruhan) TB, TKJ, Elind, APh, TCR, Kuliner

SEMESTER : GENAP

TAHUN PELAJARAN : 2023 / 2024

GURU MATA PELAJARAN : HJ. RAHYANA, S.Pd

**Choose the best answer by crossing the letter A, B, C or D!**

1. Situation: Siti has just got the first prize in the “Bakiak race” to celebrate Indonesia Independence day.Beni congratulates her.What does Beni say to congratulate Siti?

Beni     : ” \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”

Siti       : ”Thank you.”

1. Sure, Good luck.
2. Congratulate to Siti
3. Congratulations, Siti
4. Thanks, I will do my best

Answer: C

1. Dayu  : ”Who won the football match yesterday?”

Udin   : ”Our team did. We won two to one.”

Dayu   : ”Well done. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”

Udin    : ”Thank you.”

A. I’m glad to hear that.

B. That’s too bad

C. I’m sorry.

D. You’re welcome

Answer: A

3. Edo     : ”Happy birthday, Lia.”

Lia      : ”Thank you Edo. You are the first who congratulate me.”

Edo     : ”Oh really? Here is a little present for you. I hope you like it.”

Lia      : ”Thank you very much. You are really my best friend.”

Why does Edo give Lia a present?

A. Because Lia likes present.

B. Because today Dayu’s birthday.

C. Because Edo has a lot of money.

D. Because Lia is celebrating her birthday today.

Answer: D

4. Dear Wulan, Congratulation on your success being accepted at PLN Persero . May todaysuccess be just the beginning of your long life achievement and happiness.Remember the challenge is waiting for you in the workplace. Nevertheless, Ibelieve that you can handle it well. Good luck! Your best friend,  Fitri.

*The purpose of the text above is ....*

A. To persuade someone

B. To entertain someone

C. To congratulate someone

D. To invite someone

Answer: C

5. Dear Wulan, Congratulation on your success on the college entrance exam. May today success be just the beginning of your long life achievement and happiness. Remember the challenge is waiting for you in the college. Nevertheless, I believe that you can handle it well. Good luck! Your best friend,  Fitri

*What has Wulan done?*

A. Won the contest

B. Passed the college entrance exam

C. Invited Fitri to his celebration day

D. Graduated from University

Answer: B

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| --- |
| **How to make a pencil case**  **Steps:**   1. Choose the size you want If you want to put longer items, such as a ruler. placed in your pencil case, you'll need a longer pencil case. 2. Find a bag or box that suitable with your choice of size. It doesn't have be nice looking, but strong and clean. 3. Gover the box with paper, any color. 4. Decorate the container. Try some or all of the following ideas.  * Put on same cool sticker. * Decorate with your own art with makers: draw lines, shapes, animals, people, ete * Cut some magazine pictures and stick them on it. * Totally cover the box with wrapping paper; and * Glue on shells, buttons, or anything else you want to decorate the pencil case with. Add glitter if you like.  1. Show all your friends, and be proud of your unique pencil case. |

6. The length of the pencil case depends on ....

A. The items we are going to put there

B. The ruler we have

C. The size of the pen

D. The box that we find

Answer: A

7. From the text above we can conclude that we have to be .... in decorating the box to have a good result.

A. Box

B. Careful

C. Creative

D. Risky

Answer: C

8. " ... Add glitter if you like." (step 4) The synonym of the underlined word is ....

A. Haze

B. Becloud

C. Darken

D. Twinkle

Answer: D

9. Why do we use a fork to make Anzac Biscuits?

A. To mix baking soda and boiling water

B. To press the balls of mixture

C. To put the balls on a tray

D. To roll the mixture

Answer: B

|  |
| --- |
| How to Clean an LCD Screen   1. Shake up the detergent and put it 15 - 20 cm away tom the Led screen. 2. Spray on the LCD screen surface directly. 3. Cleanse gently using the fabric cleanser or brush.   You can also do the following steps:   1. Spray the detergent on the tabric cleanser. 2. Clean the LCo screen surface to make it as bright as a new one. |

10. "Cleanse gently using the fabric cleanser or brush" (step 3). What does the underlined word mean?

A. Carefully

B. Directly

C. Harshly

D. Cleanly

Answer: A

**Read the following text then answer the following questions number 11 to 16**

On Thursday, we visited the temples in Prambanan. There are three big temples, the Brahmana, Syiwa and Wisnu temples. They are really amazing. We visited only Brahmana and Syiwa temples, because Wisnu temple is being renovated.

On Friday morning we went to Yogya Kraton. We spent about two hours there. We were lucky because we were led by a smart and friendly guide. Then we continued our journey to Borobudur. We arrived there at four p.m. At four p.m. we heard the announcement that Borobudur gate would be closed. In the evening we left for Jakarta by wisata bus.

1. The text above mainly discuss about ....
   1. The write’s trip to Yogyakaarta
   2. The write’s first visit to Prambnan
   3. The writer’s impression about the guide
   4. The writer’s experience at Yogyakarta Kraton

Answer: A

1. The text is written in the form of a/an ....
   * 1. Recount
     2. Narrative
     3. Report
     4. Descriptive

Answer: A

1. The purpose of the text is to....
2. Tell past events
3. Entertain readers
4. Describe the smugglers
5. Report an event to the police

Answer: B

1. What are the big temples in Prambanan
2. Angkor wat, Syiwa and Sudra temples
3. Paria, , Brahmana and Wisnu temples
4. Brahmana, syiwa and Wisnu temples
5. Wisnu, Syiwa and Borobudur temples

Answer: C

1. When did they go home?
2. On Sunday morning
3. On Friday morning
4. On Thursday evening
5. On Friday evening

Answer: D

1. Why did they only visit Brahmana and Syiwa temples?
2. Because there was no Wisnu temple
3. Because Wisnu temple was amazing
4. Because Wisnu temple was too small
5. Because Wisnu temple was being repaired

Answer: D

**Read the following text then answer the following questions number 17 to 20**

The police thought that two burglars started the robbery at 151 Pattimura street on Sunday afternoon. The burglars broke in to the students’s room while they were going to a football game. They never thought that while they were away, burglars would break into their boarding house.

1. The communicative purpose of this text is ....
2. To retell events for the purpose of informing
3. To present perspective points about an issue
4. To describe the away they are
5. To acknowledge readers about informative events

Answer: A

1. Where did the robbery happen?
2. At 151 Pattimura street
3. At 151 Gajahmada street
4. At 161 Pattimura street
5. At 212 Sisingamangaraja street

Answer: A

1. When did the robbery take happen?
2. On Sunday morning
3. On Sunday afternoon
4. On Saturday morning
5. On Saturday afternoon

Answer: B

20. The lexico grammatical feature are mostly written in ....

1. passaive voice
2. direct speech
3. reported speech
4. simple past tense

Answer: D

**Read the following text then answer questions number 21 to 24**

Dolphins are very intelligent animals and they are benign to humans. This water mammals are able to fascinate us in many different ways. These mammals live in a group. They have been known to help humans in a variety of circumstances including rescue and fishing. There are 36 species of dolphins that have been found.32 species are dolphins the sea is already well known by the people and 4 species are river dolphins.

It’s very interesting to see and learn about the dolphin species Dolphins can be very entertaining. They can jump out of the water. Some of them can jump up to 30 feet in the air. The dolphins are grayish blue and their skin is very sensitive to human touch and other objects. Although the dolphins have 100 teeth, they don’t use their teeth to eat. They use them to get fish then they swallow the fish. They can consume fish up to 15 kg per day. They always gather in a group to hunt fish.

* + 1. What is the text about?

1. General description of dolphins
2. Description of dolphin in specific
3. An explanation of dolphins’ habitat
4. An explanation of dolphins’ diet

Answer: A

* + 1. The last paragraph talks about …

1. The physical look of dolphins
2. The diet of dolphins
3. The way dolphins use their teeth
4. How dolphins eat fish

Answer: B

* + 1. The dolphins’ teeth … to get fish, not to chew the fish.

1. use
2. used
3. are used
4. are using

Answer: C

* + 1. From the text, we know that …

1. there are 100 teeth of dolphins that are used in digesting their prey
2. dolphins are able to entertain human by jumping out of water
3. there are two kinds of dolphins, which are living in the sea and freshwater
4. dolphins prefer living solitarily to living a group

Answer: C

**Read the following text then answer questions number 25 to 27**

Camels are four-legged mammals with the ability to survive in a desert. According to the data, there are only three species left of camels in the world. They are: Dromedary Camels (one-humped camel), Bactrian Camels (two-humped camel) and Wild Bactrian Camel which has a very limited population. Only some place in the world are inhabited by camels, those places are: The Middle East, The Horn of Africa, Central Asia, Northwest China and Mongolia. Camels can provide a lot of things for humans, for example: they produce milk, we can eat their meat, we can use their hair for textiles, and we can also ride on them or use them as a courier to bring our belongings. Camels legs are very long. It is recorded that the average height of a full-grown adult camel can reach 1.85 m, it could reach the height of 2.15 m if we add the size of the hump into it too.

The “hump” is where they store the fat that can be changed into water to keep their body hydrated whenever food and water is scarce. It is located on top of their back. Their head resembles the head of a horse and their eyes is located on each side of the head. Their eyes are protected by the three eyelid and two rows of long lashes, which help **them** survive the blowing sand. They can also shut their nostrils when the sand storms are coming. Most camels can live up to 50 years old. An adult camel can reach 1,000 kg of body weight. Even with this heavy body, they can still run at 65 km/h and sustain its speed at 40 km/h in a long-range run. They are herbivore, since most of them live in a desert so most of the time the consume desert plants as their main diet. Their color varies from cream, brown, black and tan.

* + 1. What is the purpose of the text?

1. to describe the habitat of camels
2. to give general information about camels
3. to give specific information about camel
4. to explain how camels survive in desert

Answer: B

* + 1. From the first paragraph, we know that …

1. there are at least four species existing
2. camels are the only animals which are able to survive in desert
3. we can find camels in four regions of the world
4. the population of Wild Bactrian Camels is the smallest among the others

Answer: D

* + 1. “Their head resembles the head of a horse …” The word resembles is similar to …

1. imitates
2. follows
3. is like
4. shapes

Answer: C

* + 1. What does the word “Them” on the bold word on the second paragraph refer to?

1. eyelid
2. cows
3. camels
4. eyes

Answer: C

Read the following text and answer questions number 29 – 31

Ants are small insects. Like all insects, ants have six legs. The smallest ants are0.03 inch (0.7 millimeter) long. An ant’s body looks like it has a very thin waist. The narrow waist lets the ant bend when it goes around turns in underground tunnels. Male ants and young queen ants have wings. The workers of many species of ants have a stinger that they use to fight enemies. An ant has a mouth with three parts. The most important mouthparts are its jaws. Ants can move them from side to side. They use their jaws for digging, carrying things, collecting food, building nests, fighting, and cutting. Ants use their lower jaws for chewing. They use their tongues to suck up liquids. Adult ants can swallow only liquid foods. Some ants chew solid foods until the food turns into a liquid. Most ants have two compound eyes. Compound eyes have many parts called lenses that help insects see well. Other ants have three simple eyes, with one lens in each. Some ants that live underground are blind. Ants do not have ears. But they can feel sound vibrations. Some ants communicate by drumming on the ground.

They also communicate by touching each other with their antennae. Taste in smelling, and touching are how ants find out what is around them. They have two thin antennae on their heads that help them do this. Each antenna is shaped like a human arm bent at the elbow. Ants tap the antennae on the ground to find food. They can even move their antennae around to smell. An ant is always moving its antennae every which way. There are about 11,000 species of ants. Ants live in most places of the world. Army ants live in forests in Central and South America. Huges warms of army ants hunt for insects or spiders. Driver ants are army ants that live in Africa. Harvester ants live in deserts.

* + 1. What is the text about?

1. The various species of ants
2. The special characteristics of ants
3. The evolution of ants
4. The description of ants

Answer: D

* + 1. We know from the third paragraph that ….

1. Ants living underground use their compound eyes to see
2. Antennae helps ants to communicate with others
3. Ants tap their antennae to the other ants to find food
4. Ants hear sound around them by their ears

Answer:B

* + 1. “Ants use their lower jaws for chewing What is the synonym of chewing?

1. munching
2. swallowing
3. eating
4. ingesting

Answer: A

**Choose the best answer according the following questions**

* + 1. What is a descriptive text?

A. A text that explains how something works  
B. A text that persuades readers to do something  
C. A text that describes a particular person, place, or thing  
D. A text that tells a story about fictional characters

Answer : C.

* + 1. Which of these examples is a descriptive text?

A. An advertisement for a new product  
B. A news report about a recent event  
C. A menu at a restaurant  
D. A short story about a magical journey

Answer:: C.

34. What is the main purpose of a descriptive text?

A. To entertain readers with an interesting story  
B. To provide information about a current issue  
C. To describe and provide details about a specific subject  
D. To convince readers to believe in a certain idea

Answer: C

**Read the following text is to answer questions number 35 to 40**

**Mount Bromo**

Mount Bromo is one of the most famous tourist **destinations** in Indonesia. Located in East Java, Mount Bromo is part of the Bromo Tengger Semeru National Park. The mountain is renowned for its captivating natural beauty. At sunrise, the view from Penanjakan Hill facing the crater of Mount Bromo is one of the most enchanting natural landscapes in Indonesia. Additionally, when you are at the foot of the mountain, you can experience the uniqueness of the vast expanse of sand surrounded by high cliffs. The cool mountain air and the rumbling from the crater of Mount Bromo add to the magical impression of this place.

35. What makes Mount Bromo famous?

A. The uniqueness of the vast expanse of sand

B. The sunrise view from Penanjakan Hill

C. The cool mountain air

D. The rumbling from the crater of Mount Bromo

Answer: B.

1. Where is Mount Bromo located?

A. Bali

B. East Java

C. Sumatra

D. Kalimantan

Answer: B.

1. What most adds to the magical impression of Mount Bromo?

A. Its captivating natural beauty

B. The uniqueness of the vast expanse of sand

C. The cool mountain air

D. The rumbling from the crater of Mount Bromo

Answer: D.

1. What is considered the most enchanting natural scenery in Indonesia according to the passage?

A. The uniqueness of the vast expanse of sand

B. The sunrise view from Penanjakan Hill

C. The cool mountain air

D. The rumbling from the crater of Mount Bromo

Answer: B.

1. How are the surrounding cliffs as described in the passage?

A. Low and unremarkable

B. Low and enchanting

C. High and unremarkable

D. High and enchanting

Answer: D

1. What does the word mean on the bold word on the first paragraph?
2. Places
3. Cities
4. Parts
5. Mountains

Answer: A